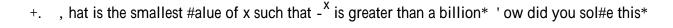
Computer Science Scholarship Puzzle Packet

Please set aside about two hours for working on these problems. Feel free to use a calculator on any problem you wish. But if you do, just make a note. "By Calc," for e ample.

! ome of these problems are "uite "uick, while others are intended to in#ite more effort and reflection. Feel free to skip around and spend more or less time on each problem. \$t is not e pected that you will sol#e all of the problems.

%t the end, you are asked to take a little additional time to reflect on your work and the prob	%t the end.
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&. 'ow many two(digit numbers are there, the sum of whose digits is &)*



-. % teacher has a thousand cookies. !he gi#es the first child one cookie, the second child two cookies, the third child three cookies, and so on, until she has gi#en away all of her cookies. 'ow many students got cookies* Explain your thinking.

	, hen four people all shake hands with each other, e actly si handshak many handshakes would take place if ten people all shake hands with ea			. '0	W .		
).	/oul#e probably prime(factored numbers before. For e ample, &12& 3 - algebra, you probably learned that 4a 5 b64a 7 b6 3 a+ 5 b+. Factor -)88	×2×	&2.	%nd	l in		
9.	% 9 9 checkerboard is shown to the right. : ach s"uare can hold one penny. , hat is the largest number of pennies that can be placed on this checkerboard so that no two pennies are adjacent hori; ontally, #ertically, or diagonally* Please explain your answer.						

Counting Triangles

' ow many triangles are there in the figure to the right* < ote that there is a right way to count these triangles, a wrong way to count them 4one(by(one6.



Christmas M&Ms

!arah is hosting a party and has purchased two bags of =>=. ?ne bag is all red =>=s, and the other is all green. :ach bag has &,111=>=s. %t first she puts them in separate bowls, but then decides that mi ing them together might be more festi#e. !o she takes a ladle, scoops &2)=>=s from the red bowl and puts them into the green bowl. !he mi es them around a bit, then scoops &2) from the mi ed bowl and pours them into the red bowl. , hen she@s done, will there be more red =>=s in the green bowl, or more green =>=s in the red bowl* Explain your answer.

Love Letters with Will

%fter e changing lo#e letters for many years with his belo#ed, , ill is now able to discern her mood just based on the string of Als and ? Is at the end of her letters. 'e has de#ised the decodji to the right that helps him.

\$t works as follows!! tarting at the left(most emoji 4"feeling neutral"6, ill steps from emoji to emoji according to the legend below the graphic. ?n each A he follows the solid arc, and for each ? he follows the dashed arc.

For e ample, the string "?AA?" would indicate that she is feeling "lo#estruck," as that string follows the pathB neutral C pleased C tired C D?D C lo#estruck

! imilarly, the string "A?A?" would indicate that she is feeling "neutral," while "?A?A" would indicate that she is feeling "tired."

Q: , i?LutFryle

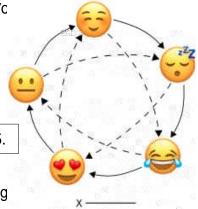
Love Letters with Tom

Fom s belo has a slightly more regular decodji, as shown to the right. For Fc belo hed, the string "A?A?" would indicate that she is "pleased."

! uppose that Fomis belo#ed sends only Ais in her messages. \$n that case, it is easy to characteri; e all messages that indicate that she is feeling "tired" B

She is feeling tired if the string of X's has length two more than a multiple of 5.

Q: \$f her message consists only of ?\(\sigma\), then what rule characteri; es those string indicate that she is Daughing ?ut Doud* Explain.



Q: Gi#e a rule that makes it easy to tell if Foms belo#ed is feeling "lo#estruck" from a mi ed string of As and ?s. \$t would be nice if the rule had the same fla#or as the pre#ious two rules.

This question matters:

Please re lect on these pro!lems an" #our work\$ Which "i" #ou particularl# en%o#& Which not so much& Woul" #ou en%o# working on pro!lems like this in #our classes&